



GGKP's Research on Indicators

 Measuring Progress towards a Green Economy in the context of Sustainable Development

Joy Kim

Economics and Trade Branch, UNEP7 June 2012



Introduction

- GGKP's inaugural conference in Mexico in January 2012
 - "Indicator" as one of the priority research areas
- Indicators: crowded research field
 - SEEA, SDI, HDI, Adjusted Net Savings, WAVES, Beyond GDP Initiative, Ecological footprint, DPSIR, FDES, etc.
- How to build Indicators work stream under the GGKP on existing initiatives? How to add value?





Possible Research Areas on Indicators

- Indicators of green economy/ green growth
- Indicators for making/assessing green economy/ green growth policies
- The policy impact of indicators
 - The role of indicators in influencing policy making
- How to strengthen indicators related capacity





1. Indicators of green economy/green growth

- Which proportion of the economy can be considered as green?
 - ✓ What is "green" criteria
 - ✓ No established statistical boundaries
 - ✓ Which proportion of the economy can be considered as "green"?
 - ✓ EGSS integral part of the SEEA
- Researches to answer these question
 - The classification of EGSS
 - The role of certification and labeling in categorizing as "green"
 - Social considerations in "green" criteria
 - Adjusted net savings as green economy/green growth indicator?
 - Statistical framework to capture the size of green investments?

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2. Indicators for making/assessing green economy/green growth policies

- Green economy/green growth: Pathway rather than Destination
 - To provide guidance on the use of Indicators in making and assessing green economy/green growth related policies needed
- Different indicators are being used at different stage of policy making

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2. Indicators for making/assessing green economy/green growth policies (continued)

- A core set of indicators, including composite indexes needs to be defined and agreed with the flexibility for national level adaptation.
- Key aspects of outcome indicators
 - Resource productivity
 - Competitiveness
 - Jobs
 - Environmental improvements, EGSS

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3. The policy impact of indicators

- Empirical researche on how green economy/green growth related indicators have had impacts on policies
 - Identify examples where indicators have influenced policy at macroeconomic or sector level
 - Identify key factors in making indicators relevant to policymaking
- Examine issues on the role of monetizing environmental and natural resource indicators in influencing policy making
 - Policy use of private and social valuation of resource depletion or sink services of ecosystems
 - Assessment of the sensitivity of social valuation to changes in parameters such as discount rates

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4. How to strengthen Indicators related capacity

- Weak statistical capacity in developing countries
 - → Look into the capacity constraints in some countries
 - → Identify practical ways to strengthen capacity
 - Potential systematic technical support from the international statistical community or the statistical offices from developed countries
- Possible research on support for data collection with particular focus on environmental data in countries piloting green economy/green growth policies

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A Call for Communication

- Strong Communication effort needed for
 - Research community
 - Potential users of indicators of what is being planned by GGKP in the research on GE/GG related indicators
- To make clear how different stakeholders may participate in the various research streams
- Open and wide participation needed for the resolution of the contentious issues such as
 - Threshold value/indicators for governing substitution between different forms of capital
 - The relevance of social standards in green criteria





Thank You





2. Indicators for making/assessing green economy/green growth policies (continued)

Indicators for Major Three Stages of Policy Making

Issue Identification

- Indicators for identifying policy issues which trigger policy responses
 - ex) pertinence of land use change ~ loss of diversity

Policy Formulation

- Indicators that express policy targets for the issues at hand
- Indicators that reflect policy interventions such as the extent of subsidy reform or level of investment in renewable energy
 - ✓ Composite indicators/indexes issue

Policy Assessment/Evaluation

- Indicators for projecting and assessing the broad outcomes of policies
- ex) changes in GDP and jobs

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